



Content of the presentation

- Rationale for the RSPO Africa Roadshow: 'getting it right from the start'
- What has happened so far? Update on implementation
- Outcomes and future plans



Opportunities and risks

- Large scale oil palm expansions being planned in West and Central Africa (over a million ha concessions being allocated)
- Opportunities
 - Economic development at national level
 - Rural development and livelihood improvements at the local level
- Risks
 - Deforestation, destruction of high conservation values and increased GHG emissions
 - Conflicts resulting from land expropriations and rural impoverishment



Sustainable development through RSPO-compatible performance

- The RSPO has developed a set of tools and guidelines for the sustainable development of oil palm plantations.
- These are elaborated in the Principles & Criteria and the New Plantings Procedure
- · Tools include:
 - · Environmental and social impact assessment
 - Protection of High Conservation Values (HCVs)
 - Free, Prior and Informed Consent (FPIC), including participatory decision making





<section-header><list-item><list-item>







Smallholder Acceleration and REDD Programme (SHARP)

- Programme aimed at promoting sustainable smallholder development through:
 - Development of effective smallholder models, adapted to specific regional dynamics and relationships
 - · Improving livelihoods through inclusion in supply chains
 - Enhancing environmental performance such as deforestation
- SHARP partnership includes supply chain actors, financial institutions, governments, social and environmental NGOs, multilaterals and project managers
- SHARP workshop in Monrovia in November 2012: smallholder dynamics in the region are unique; need to develop workable smallholder models that are adapted to the realities of West and Central Africa
 SHARP







